PROPOSED CHARGING LETTER

REGISTERED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

International Valves Ltd.
International House
Willie Snaith Road
Newmarket, Suffolk
CB8 7GC United Kingdom

Attn: Brian Michael Whiles

Director and General Manager

Dear Mr. Whiles:

The Bureau of Industry and Security, U.S. Department of Commerce ("BIS"), has reason to believe that International Valves Ltd. of Newmarket, United Kingdom ("International Valves") committed one violation of the Export Administration Regulations (the "Regulations"), which are issued under the authority of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (the "Act"). Specifically, BIS charges that International Valves committed the following violation:

Charge 1 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) – Rexport to Libya without the Required U.S. Government Authorization

On or about July 25, 2003, International Valves engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by reexporting TK Spare Parts, which were subject to the Regulations,³ from the United Kingdom to Libya without the required U.S. Government authorization. Pursuant to

¹ The Regulations are currently codified in the Code of Federal Regulations at 15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2006). The charged violation occurred during 2003. The Regulations governing the violation at issue are found in the 2003 version of the Code of Federal Regulations (15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2003)). The 2006 Regulations establish the procedures that apply to this matter.

² 50 U.S.C. app. §§ 2401-2420 (2000). Since August 21, 2001, the Act has been in lapse, and the President, through Executive Order 13,222 of August 17, 2001 (3 C.F.R., 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), which has been extended by successive Presidential Notices, the most recent being that of August 2, 2005 (70 Fed. Reg. 45,273, Aug. 5, 2005), has continued the Regulations in effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. §§ 1701-1706 (2000)). The Act and the Regulations are available on the Government Printing Office website at: http://www.access.gpo.gov/bis/.

³ These items were classified as EAR99, which is a designation for items subject to the Regulations but not listed on the Commerce Control List. 15 C.F.R. § 734.3(c) (2003).

International Valves Ltd. Proposed Charging Letter Page 2 of 3

Section 746.4 of the Regulations, Department of Commerce authorization was required to reexport any item subject to the Regulations from a third country to Libya. No Department of Commerce authorization was obtained. In engaging in this activity, International Valves committed one violation of Section 764.2(a) of the Regulations.

* * * * *

Accordingly, International Valves is hereby notified that an administrative proceeding is instituted against it pursuant to Section 13(c) of the Act and Part 766 of the Regulations for the purpose of obtaining an order imposing administrative sanctions, including any or all of the following:

- The maximum civil penalty allowed by law of \$11,000 per violation;⁴
- Denial of export privileges; and/or
- Exclusion from practice before BIS.

If International Valves fails to answer the charges contained in this letter within 30 days after being served with notice of issuance of this letter, that failure will be treated as a default. See 15 C.F.R. §§ 766.6 and 766.7. If International Valves defaults, the Administrative Law Judge may find the charges alleged in this letter are true without a hearing or further notice to International Valves. The Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security may then impose up to the maximum penalty on each of the charges in this letter.

International Valves is further notified that it is entitled to an agency hearing on the record if it files a written demand for one with its answer. See 15 C.F.R. § 766.6. International Valves is also entitled to be represented by counsel or other authorized representative who has power of attorney to represent it. See 15 C.F.R. §§ 766.3(a) and 766.4.

The Regulations provide for settlement without a hearing. See 15 C.F.R. § 766.18. Should International Valves have a proposal to settle this case, International Valves or its representative should transmit it to the attorney representing BIS named below.

The U.S. Coast Guard is providing administrative law judge services in connection with the matters set forth in this letter. Accordingly, International Valves' answer must be filed in accordance with the instructions in Section 766.5(a) of the Regulations with:

U.S. Coast Guard ALJ Docketing Center 40 S. Gay Street

⁴ See 15 C.F.R. § 6.4(a)(4) (2003).

International Valves Ltd. Proposed Charging Letter Page 3 of 3

Baltimore, Maryland 21202-4022

In addition, a copy of International Valves' answer must be served on BIS at the following address:

Chief Counsel for Industry and Security Attention: Thea D. R. Kendler, Esq. Room H-3839 United States Department of Commerce 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20230

Thea D. R. Kendler is the attorney representing BIS in this case; any communications that International Valves may wish to have concerning this matter should occur through her. Ms. Kendler may be contacted by telephone at (202) 482-5301.

Sincerely,

Michael D. Turner Director Office of Export Enforcement

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF INDUSTRY AND SECURITY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20230

In the Matter of:)
International Valves Ltd.)
International House	ĺ
Willie Snaith Road)
Newmarket, Suffolk	ĺ
CB8 7GC United Kingdom)
)
Respondent)

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This Settlement Agreement ("Agreement") is made by and between International Valves Ltd. ("International Valves"), and the Bureau of Industry and Security, U.S. Department of Commerce ("BIS") (collectively, the "Parties"), pursuant to Section 766.18(a) of the Export Administration Regulations (currently codified at 15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2006)) (the "Regulations"), issued pursuant to the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (50 U.S.C. app. §§ 2401-2420 (2000)) (the "Act"), is a same of the export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (50 U.S.C. app. §§ 2401-2420 (2000)) (the "Act"), is a same of the export Administration Act of the export A

¹ The charged violation occurred during 2003. The Regulations governing the violation at issue is found in the 2003 version of the Code of Federal Regulations (15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2003)). The 2006 Regulations establish the procedures that apply to this matter.

² From August 21, 1994 through November 12, 2000, the Act was in lapse. During that period, the President, through Executive Order 12924, which had been extended by successive Presidential Notices, the last of which was August 3, 2000 (3 C.F.R., 2000 Comp. 397 (2001)), continued the Regulations in effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. §§ 1701-1706 (2000)) ("IEEPA"). On November 13, 2000, the Act was reauthorized and it remained in effect through August 20, 2001. Since August 21, 2001, the Act has been in lapse and the President, through Executive Order 13222 of August 17, 2001 (3 C.F.R., 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), as extended by the Notice of August 2, 2005 (70 Fed. Reg. 45,273 (Aug. 5, 2005)), has continued the Regulations in effect under IEEPA.

WHEREAS, International Valves, through its parent company, Dresser, Inc., filed a voluntary self-disclosure with BIS's Office of Export Enforcement in accordance with Section 764.5 of the Regulations concerning the transactions at issue herein;

WHEREAS, BIS has notified International Valves of its intention to initiate an administrative proceeding against International Valves, pursuant to the Act and the Regulations;

WHEREAS, BIS has issued a proposed charging letter to International Valves that alleged that International Valves committed one violation of the Regulations, specifically:

1. One Violation of 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) – Rexport to Libya without the Required U.S. Government Authorization: On or about July 25, 2003, International Valves engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by reexporting TK Spare Parts, which were subject to the Regulations,³ from the United Kingdom to Libya without the required U.S. Government authorization. Pursuant to Section 746.4 of the Regulations, Department of Commerce authorization was required to reexport any item subject to the Regulations from a third country to Libya. No Department of Commerce authorization was obtained.

WHEREAS, International Valves has reviewed the proposed charging letter and is aware of the allegations made against it and the administrative sanctions which could be imposed against it if the allegations are found to be true;

³ These items were classified as EAR99, which is a designation for items subject to the Regulations but not listed on the Commerce Control List. 15 C.F.R. § 734.3(c) (2003).

Settlement Agreement International Valves Page 3 of 5

full knowledge of its rights;

WHEREAS, International Valves fully understands the terms of this Agreement and the Order ("Order") that the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export

Enforcement will issue if he approves this Agreement as the final resolution of this matter;

WHEREAS, International Valves enters into this Agreement voluntarily and with

WHEREAS, International Valves states that no promises or representations have been made to it other than the agreements and considerations herein expressed;

WHEREAS, International Valves neither admits nor denies the allegations contained in the proposed charging letter;

WHEREAS, International Valves wishes to settle and dispose of all matters alleged in the proposed charging letter by entering into this Agreement; and WHEREAS, International Valves agrees to be bound by the Order, if entered; NOW THEREFORE, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

- 1. BIS has jurisdiction over International Valves, under the Regulations, in connection with the matters alleged in the proposed charging letter.
- 2. The following sanction shall be imposed against International Valves in complete settlement of the alleged violation of the Regulations relating to the transactions specifically detailed in the proposed charging letter and voluntary self-disclosure:
 - a. International Valves shall be assessed a civil penalty in the amount of \$3,300, which shall be paid to the U.S. Department of Commerce within 30 days from the date of entry of the Order.

Settlement Agreement International Valves Page 4 of 5

- b. The timely payment of the civil penalty agreed to in paragraph 2.a is hereby made a condition to the granting, restoration, or continuing validity of any export license, permission, or privilege granted, or to be granted, to International Valves. Failure to make timely payment of the civil penalty set forth above may result in the denial of all of International Valves's export privileges under the Regulations for a period of one year from the date of imposition of the penalty.
- 3. Subject to the approval of this Agreement pursuant to paragraph 8 hereof, International Valves hereby waives all rights to further procedural steps in this matter (except with respect to any alleged violations of this Agreement or the Order, if entered), including, without limitation, any right to: (a) an administrative hearing regarding the allegations in any charging letter; (b) request a refund of any civil penalty paid pursuant to this Agreement and the Order, if entered; (c) request any relief from the Order, if entered, including without limitation relief from the terms of a denial order under 15 C.F.R. § 764.3(a)(2); and (d) seek judicial review or otherwise contest the validity of this Agreement or the Order, if entered.
- 4. Upon entry of the Order and timely payment of the \$3,300 civil penalty, BIS will not initiate any further administrative proceeding against International Valves in connection with any violation of the Act or the Regulations arising out of the transactions identified in the proposed charging letter and the voluntary self-disclosure.
- 5. BIS will make the proposed charging letter, this Agreement, and the Order, if entered, available to the public.

Settlement Agreement International Valves Page 5 of 5

- 6. This Agreement is for settlement purposes only. Therefore, if this Agreement is not accepted and the Order is not issued by the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export Enforcement pursuant to Section 766.18(a) of the Regulations, no Party may use this Agreement in any administrative or judicial proceeding and the Parties shall not be bound by the terms contained in this Agreement in any subsequent administrative or judicial proceeding.
- 7. No agreement, understanding, representation or interpretation not contained in this Agreement may be used to vary or otherwise affect the terms of this Agreement or the Order, if entered, nor shall this Agreement serve to bind, constrain, or otherwise limit any action by any other agency or department of the U.S. Government with respect to the facts and circumstances addressed herein.
- 8. This Agreement shall become binding on the Parties only if the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export Enforcement approves it by entering the Order, which will have the same force and effect as a decision and order issued after a full administrative hearing on the record.
- 9. Each signatory affirms that he has authority to enter into this Settlement Agreement and to bind his respective party to the terms and conditions set forth herein.

BUREAU OF INDUSTRY AND SECURITY U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Michael D. Turner

Director

Office of Export Enforcement

Date: 5/18/06

INTERNATIONAL VALVES LTD.

Jim Nattler

Executive Vice President of Ethics and

Compliance of Dresser, Inc.

Date: 16 may Jank

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF INDUSTRY AND SECURITY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20230

In the Matter of:)
International Valves Ltd.))
International House)
Willie Snaith Road)
Newmarket, Suffolk)
CB8 7GC United Kingdom)
)
Respondent)

(10 mm)

ORDER RELATING TO INTERNATIONAL VALVES LTD.

The Bureau of Industry and Security, U.S. Department of Commerce ("BIS") has notified International Valves, Inc. ("International Valves"), of its intention to initiate an administrative proceeding against International Valves pursuant to Section 766.3 of the Export Administration Regulations (currently codified at 15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2006)) (the "Regulations"), and Section 13(c) of the Export Administration Act of 1979, as amended (50 U.S.C. app. §§ 2401-2420 (2000)) (the "Act"), through the issuance of a

¹ The charged violation occurred during 2003. The Regulations governing the violation at issue is found in the 2003 version of the Code of Federal Regulations (15 C.F.R. Parts 730-774 (2003)). The 2006 Regulations establish the procedures that apply to this matter.

² From August 21, 1994 through November 12, 2000, the Act was in lapse. During that period, the President, through Executive Order 12924, which had been extended by successive Presidential Notices, the last of which was August 3, 2000 (3 C.F.R., 2000 Comp. 397 (2001)), continued the Regulations in effect under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. §§ 1701-1706 (2000)) ("IEEPA"). On November 13, 2000, the Act was reauthorized and it remained in effect through August 20, 2001. Since August 21, 2001, the Act has been in lapse and the President, through Executive Order 13222 of August 17, 2001 (3 C.F.R., 2001 Comp. 783 (2002)), as extended by the Notice of August 2, 2005 (70 Fed. Reg. 45,273 (Aug. 5, 2005)), has continued the Regulations in effect under IEEPA.

proposed charging letter to International Valves that alleged that International Valves committed one violation of the Regulations. Specifically, the charge is:

1. One Violation of 15 C.F.R. § 764.2(a) – Rexport to Libya without the Required U.S. Government Authorization: On or about July 25, 2003, International Valves engaged in conduct prohibited by the Regulations by reexporting TK Spare Parts, which were subject to the Regulations,³ from the United Kingdom to Libya without the required U.S. Government authorization. Pursuant to Section 746.4 of the Regulations, Department of Commerce authorization was required to reexport any item subject to the Regulations from a third country to Libya. No Department of Commerce authorization was obtained.

WHEREAS, BIS and International Valves have entered into a Settlement Agreement pursuant to Section 766.18(a) of the Regulations whereby they agreed to settle this matter in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth therein, and

WHEREAS, I have approved of the terms of such Settlement Agreement; IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

FIRST, that a civil penalty of \$3,300 is assessed against International Valves, which shall be paid to the U.S. Department of Commerce within 30 days from the date of entry of this Order. Payment shall be made in the manner specified in the attached instructions.

SECOND, that, pursuant to the Debt Collection Act of 1982, as amended (31 U.S.C. §§ 3701-3720E (2000)), the civil penalty owed under this Order accrues interest

³ These items were classified as EAR99, which is a designation for items subject to the Regulations but not listed on the Commerce Control List. 15 C.F.R. § 734.3(c) (2003).

Order International Valves Page 3 of 3

as more fully described in the attached Notice, and, if payment is not made by the due date specified herein, International Valves will be assessed, in addition to the full amount of the civil penalty and interest, a penalty charge and an administrative charge, as more fully described in the attached Notice.

THIRD, that the timely payment of the civil penalty set forth above is hereby made a condition to the granting, restoration, or continuing validity of any export license, license exception, permission, or privilege granted, or to be granted, to International Valves. Accordingly, if International Valves should fail to pay the civil penalty in a timely manner, the undersigned may enter an Order denying all of International Valves's export privileges under the Regulations for a period of one year from the date of entry of this Order.

FOURTH, that the proposed charging letter, the Settlement Agreement, and this Order shall be made available to the public.

This Order, which constitutes the final agency action in this matter, is effective immediately.

Darryl W. Jackson

Assistant Secretary of Commerce

for Export Enforcement

Entered this 23d day of May, 2006.